Side Effect Profile of Long-Term Treatment of Elderly Hypogonadal Men with Testosterone Undecanoate

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**Introduction:** Testosterone therapy for hypogonadal men has been used for decades. However, there are still concerns regarding the safety of this treatment, particularly in elderly men.

**Methods:** Prospective registry study of 255 men (mean age  $60.6 \pm 8.0$  years), with testosterone levels between  $\leq 3.5$  ng/ml. They received parenteral testosterone undecanoate 1000 mg at day 1, week 6 and every 12 weeks thereafter for up to 66 months.

**Results:** After 60 months the following changes were observed: Erythropoiesis: haemoglobin increased from 14.44  $\pm$  0.72 to 14.99  $\pm$  0.45 g/dl (p<0.0001 vs baseline). Haematocrit increased from 43.22  $\pm$  2.84 to 48.78  $\pm$  1.7% (p<0.0001 vs baseline). Four patients had haematocrit levels > 52% which resolved without intervention.

Prostate: PSA increased from 1.77  $\pm$  0.96 to 1.82  $\pm$  0.96 ng/ml (p<0.0001 vs baseline) with a plateau after 24 months. Prostate volume increased from 28.51  $\pm$  11.2 to 30.23  $\pm$  12.4 ml (p<0.0001 vs baseline). 3/255 patients were diagnosed with prostate cancer following elevated PSA (< 4 ng/mL) at 18 weeks of treatment. Tumour grade was T2 in all three and Gleason score 3+3 in two and 3+2 in one patient, resp. They all underwent radical prostatectomy. The proportion was 1.18% with an incidence of 30.334 per 10.000 patient years. For comparison: in the PLCO trial with a 7-year follow-up, the proportion of prostate cancer was 7.35% with an incidence of 116 per 10.000 patient years [1]. — The International Prostate Symptom score (IPSS) improved from 6.73  $\pm$  4.21 to 2.83  $\pm$  1.25 (p<0.0001).

Liver enzymes: aspartate transaminase (AST) decreased from 43.05  $\pm$  17.29 to 20.16  $\pm$  3.21 U/L (p<0.0001 vs baseline) reaching a plateau after 24 months, alanine transaminase (ALT) from 43.89  $\pm$  18.11 to 20.54  $\pm$  3.92 U/L (p<0.0001 vs baseline) with a plateau after 36 months.

**Conclusions:** The incidence of 3/255 patients with prostate cancer does not suggest an increased risk of prostate cancer in elderly men on long-term testosterone treatment. Long-term treatment with testosterone undecanoate with monitoring according to the guidelines is acceptably safe.