Effects of long-term testosterone treatment in obese hypogonadal men on body weight and prostate parameters

A Haider, A Traish, G Doros

**Introduction:** Obesity and inflammation are recognised as risk factors for prostate diseases and LUTS [1-3]. This study analysed the effects of restoring normal testosterone (T) in obese hypogonadal men.

**Methods:** Prospective registry study in 181 men (age: 59.11±6.06 years) with T levels below 12.1 nmol/L and a body mass index (BMI) of  $\geq$ 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. They received parenteral T undecanoate 1000 mg/12 weeks following an initial 6-week interval for up to five years.

**Results:** Weight (kg) decreased from  $114.71\pm11.59$  (87.0;139.00) to  $93.24\pm8.49$  (80.0;115.0). This decrease was statistically significant vs baseline (p<0.0001) and each year compared to the previous year (p<0.0001). Mean change from baseline was  $18.83\pm0.36$  kg or  $16.41\pm0.3\%$ . After five years, all men had lost weight, 99% had lost  $\geq 5$  kg, 90%  $\geq 10$  kg, 70%  $\geq 15$  kg, and 40%  $\geq 20$  kg.

Waist circumference (cm) decreased from  $111.2\pm7.54$  (89.00;129.00) to  $100.47\pm7.11$  (84.00;117.00), BMI from  $36.72\pm3.72$  (30.10;46.51) to  $30.22\pm2.6$  (25.66;36.71). These changes were statistically significant vs baseline (p<0.0001) and each year compared to the previous year (p<0.0001).

Residual bladder volume decreased from  $51.37\pm21.86$  to  $20.17\pm6.37$  ml. Prostate volume increased from  $30.59\pm11.35$  to  $32.05\pm13.27$  ml, PSA from  $1.77\pm0.93$  to  $1.94\pm1$  ng/ml. IPSS decreased from  $7.62\pm4.2$  to  $2.91\pm1.27$ , C-reactive protein from  $4.03\pm4.8$  to  $0.78\pm1.51$  mg/dl (p<0.0001 for all).

One patient was diagnosed with prostate cancer 10 months after treatment initiation.

**Conclusions:** Normalizing T in obese hypogonadal men produced progressive weight loss. This effect may be beneficial not only for cardiometabolic but also urological outcomes.

- [1] De Nunzio, Eur Urol 2011;60:106-17
- [2] De Nunzio., Eur Urol 2012;61:560-70
- [3] Allott, Eur Urol 2012, published online Nov 15, 2012